

# Maintenance and Inspection of BMPs

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## What This Class Covers



#### What we'll talk about:

- A City's responsibility with maintenance and inspection of stormwater controls.
- Options to make sure you are covering your responsibilities.

#### What we won't talk about:

- Details on how to maintain each BMP.
- Details on inspecting each BMP.



### Post Construction Requirements

#### Phase I



Individual Permits

Will trend towards
Phase II in the future



#### Focus areas:

- Storm mapping
- Construction waste
- Public outreach

### Phase II

6 Requirements for all Phase IIs:

- Illicit discharge
- Public Education
- Public Involvement
- Good Housekeeping
- Post Construction Controls
- Construction Site
   Controls iswm



### **Post Construction Requirements**

#### **Current Small MS4 Permit**

- Must address runoff from new development and redevelopment of 1 acre or more
- Must ensure controls are in place that would prevent or minimize water quality impacts. The permittee shall:
  - Develop and implement strategies which include a combination of structural and/or non-structural BMPs appropriate for the community;
  - Use an ordinance or other regulatory mechanism to address post-construction runoff to the extent allowable by state and local law; and
  - Ensure adequate long-term operation and maintenance of BMPs.

### Post Construction Requirements

#### **Draft Small MS4 Permit**

All permittees shall ensure the long-term operation and maintenance of structural stormwater control measures:

- The permittee shall require the owner or operator to develop and implement a maintenance plan addressing maintenance requirements for any structural control measures installed on site.
- The <u>maintenance plan must be filed in the real property records</u> of the county in which the property is located.
- The permittee shall require operation and maintenance performed is <u>documented and retained on site</u> and made available for review by the small MS4.

### **Post Construction Requirements**

#### **Draft Small MS4 Permit**

Inspections – Permittees who operate <u>level 4 small MS4s shall</u> <u>develop and implement an inspection program</u> to ensure that all post construction stormwater control measures are operating correctly and are being maintained as required consistent with its applicable maintenance plan. For small MS4s with limited enforcement authority, this requirement applies to the structural controls owned and operated by the small MS4 or its contractors that perform these activities.

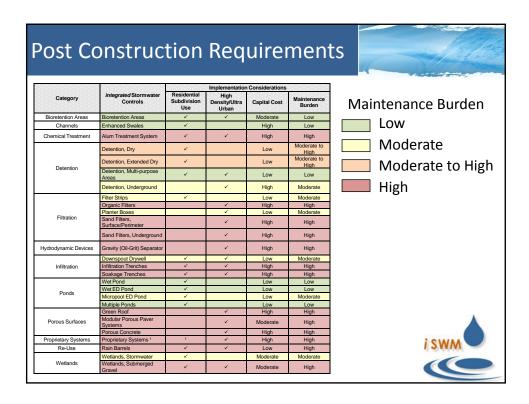
Inspection reports – The permittee shall <u>document its inspection</u> <u>findings in an inspection report</u> and make them available for review by the TCEQ.

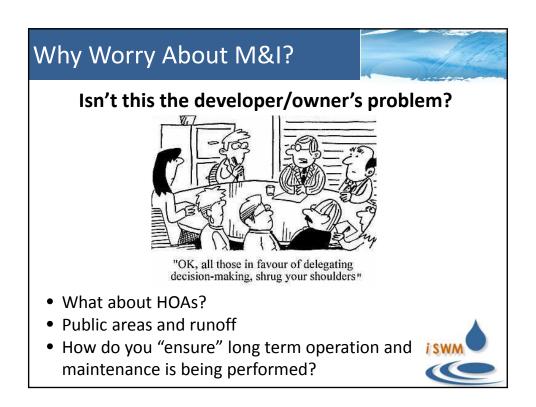
# Post Construction Requirements

- Level 1: less than 10,000
- Level 2: 10,000 to 40,000 (also includes all non-traditional small MS4s)
- Level 3: 40,000 to 100,000
- Level 4: greater than 100,000







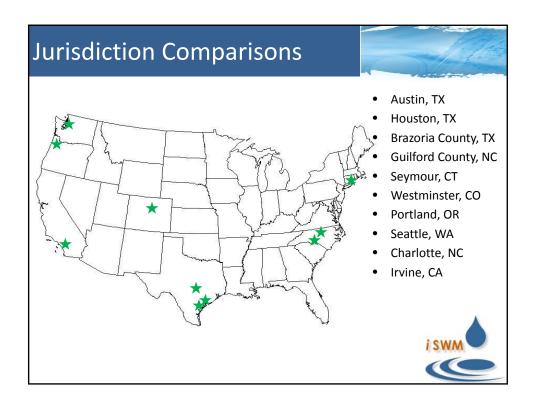




# Issues to Consider

- 1. Private vs. Public Ownership
- 2. Construction Inspections
- 3. Operations and Maintenance
- 4. Waste Management
- 5. Inspection of Stormwater Controls
- 6. Appeals
- 7. Variances
- 8. Enforcement Actions





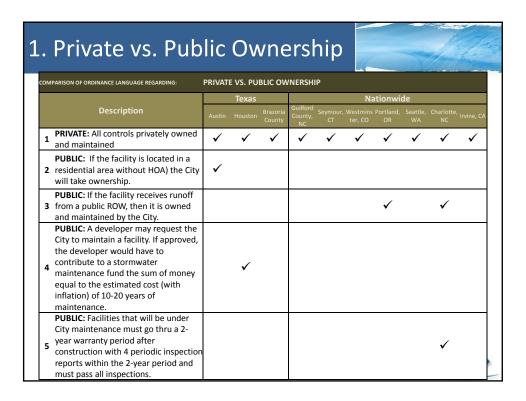
# 1. Private vs. Public Ownership

#### **PRIVATE:**

 All controls shall be privately owned and maintained by the property owner or HOA

#### **PUBLIC:**

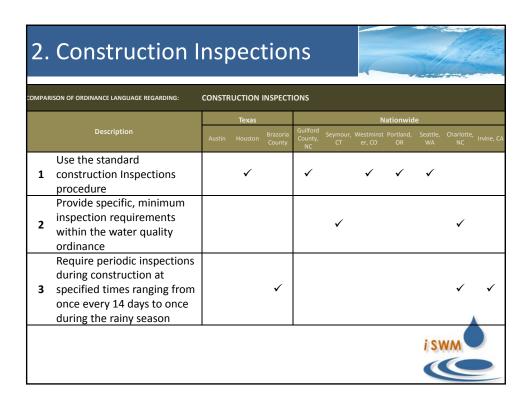
- 2. If the facility is located in a residential area without a HOA, the City will take ownership.
- 3. If the facility receives runoff from a public ROW, then it is owned and maintained by the City.
- 4. A developer may request the City to maintain a facility. If approved, the developer would have to contribute to a stormwater maintenance fund the sum of money equal to the estimated cost (with inflation) of 10-20 years of maintenance.
- 5. Facilities that will be under City maintenance must go thru a 2-year warranty period after construction with 4 periodic inspection reports within the 2-year period and must pass all inspections.



### 2. Construction Inspections

- 1. Use the standard construction inspections procedure (i.e. no special requirements for controls)
- 2. Provide specific, minimum inspection requirements within the water quality ordinance.
- 3. Require periodic inspections during construction at times specified ranging from once every 14 days to once during the rainy season.

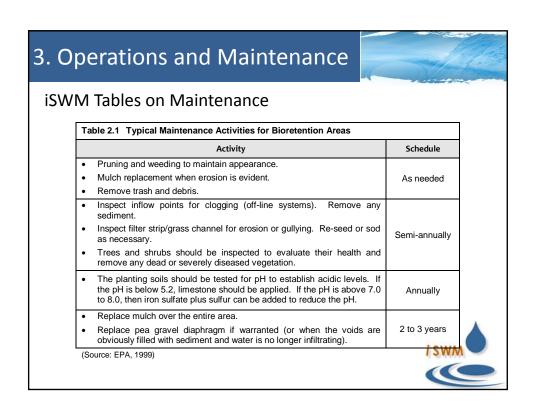




### 3. Operations and Maintenance

- 1. O&M plan is required with the final plat detailing the responsible party, maintenance requirements, and method to provide maintenance funding.
- 2. An Operations and Maintenance template or standard form may be provided by the City or other entity.
- 3. An annual permit or inspection report is required for each control. A maintenance form or inspection report is provided.
- 4. Maintenance logs are required to be kept on site and made available to the City when requested.

3.	Operations and	N b	lair	nter	nan	ice						
COMPARISON OF ORDINANCE LANGUAGE REGARDING: OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE												
	Description	Austin	<b>Texas</b> Houston	Brazoria County	Guilford County, NC	Seymour, CT	Westminst er, CO	lationwid Portland, OR	Seattle, WA	Charlotte, NC	Irvine, CA	
1	O&M plan is required with the final plat detailing the responsible party, maintenance requirements, and method to provide maintenance funding.		✓	✓		✓		✓		✓	<b>√</b>	
2	An Operations and Maintenance template or standard form may be provided by the City or other entity				✓		✓	✓	✓			
3	An annual permit or inspection report is required for each control. A maintenance form or inspection report is provided.	<b>√</b>										
4	Maintenance logs are required to be kept on site and made available to the City when requested.							✓				
									(			



## 4. Waste Management

No ordinances reviewed contained waste management requirements.

Option could be to follow standard waste removal and disposal requirements if testing shows high levels of toxins.



# 5. Inspection of Stormwater Controls

#### **PRIVATE INSPECTIONS**

- The City may provide or reference sample inspection checklists for each stormwater control
- 2. A professional engineer or landscape architect shall perform the inspection at a defined interval, typically once a year
- 3. Documentation of inspections must be kept and made available to the City upon request and/or upon completion of the inspection
- 4. Inspection intervals are quarterly for the first 2 years, twice a year thereafter, and within 48 hours of a major rainfall event
- 5. The City reserves the right to inspect and enforce maintenance as required

#### **CITY INSPECTIONS**

- 1. The City will inspect the stormwater control at an interval of every 1 to 3 years
- 2. If a project fails inspection, owner is notified to correct the issue and is charged a re-inspection fee.

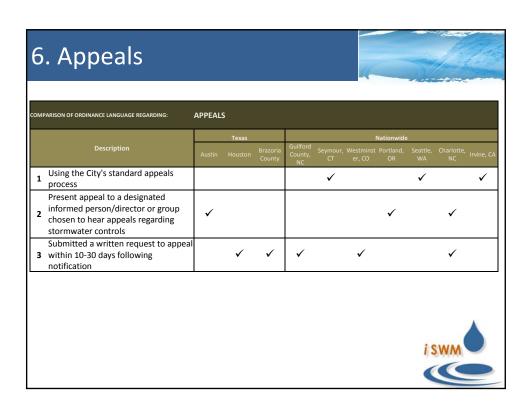
	Inspection of Stontrols	orı	nw	ate	r						
OMPAR	ISON OF ORDINANCE LANGUAGE REGARDING:	INSPECT	IONS OF	STORM	VATER C	ONTROL	S				
	Description	Austin	<b>Texas</b> Houston	Brazoria County	Guilford County,	Seymour, CT		Nationwide Portland, OR		Charlotte, NC	Irvine, C
		Р	rivate li	nspecti							
1	The City may provide or reference sample inspection checklists for each stormwater control		✓							<b>√</b>	
2	A professional engineer or landscape architect shall perform the inspection at a defined interval, typically once a year		✓							✓	
3	Documentation of inspections must be kept and made available to the City upon request and/or upon completion of the inspection				<b>√</b>						
4	Inspection intervals are quarterly for the first 2 years, twice a year therafter, and within 48 hours of a major rainfall event							✓			
5	The City reserves the right to inspect and enforce maintenance as required	✓		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
		P	ublic In	spectio	ons						
1	The City will inspect the stormwater control at an interval of every 1 to 3 years	✓				✓				✓	
2	If a project fails inspection, the owner is notified to fix the problem and is charged a re-inspection fee	✓								✓	

5. Inspection of Stormwater											
Controls			1								
	1. Bioretention/Planter Box Inspection and Maintenance Checklist										
Example of City	Date:	Work	k Order #								
Provided Inspection	Type of Inspection:   post-storm  annual  routine  post-wet season  pre-wet season  Facility:  Inspector(s):										
Checklists:	Facility:	Insp	pector(s):								
Santa Barbara, CA	Defect	Conditions When Maintenance Is Needed	Inspection Result (0, 1, or 2)†	Date Maintenance Performed	Comments or Action(s) Taken to Resolve Issue						
	Appearance	Untidy									
	Trash and Debris Accumulation	Trash, plant litter and dead leaves accumulated on surface.									
	Vegetation	Unhealthy plants and appearance.									
	Irrigation	Functioning incorrectly (if applicable).									
	Inlet	Inlet pipe blocked or impeded.									
	Splash Blocks	Blocks or pads correctly positioned to prevent erosion.									
	Overflow	Overflow pipe blocked or broken.									
	Filter media	Infiltration design rate is met (e.g., drains 36-48 hours after moderate - large storm event).									
	Maintenance: Enter 0 if	satisfactory, 1 if maintenance is needed and inc	lude WO#. Enter	2 if maintenance was	performed same day.						

# 6. Appeals

- 1. Use the City's standard appeals process.
- Present appeal to group or person designated to hear appeals regarding stormwater controls.
- 3. Submit a written request to appeal within 10-30 days following notification.





### 7. Variances

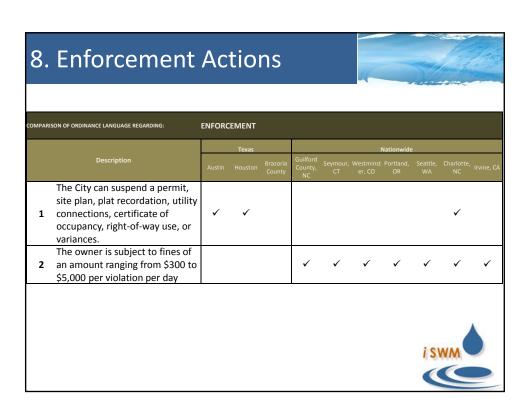
- 1. Variances must show that the water quality will not be impacted by the variance and that the intent of the ordinance is met
- 2. Use standard variance procedure
- 3. Variances may be reviewed by a designated committee that reviews the variance and submits a recommendation to the determining entity
- 4. Have a path for minor variances that may be granted by one person and major variances that require the approval of a committee or department
- 5. If full implementation is not feasible, then the applicant may participate in off-site facilities development by contributing \$2.00-\$4.00 per square foot of unmanaged impervious surface
- 6. Standards for granted variances are listed as unnecessary hardship, peculiar property conditions, or variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose, and intent of the ordinance.

COMPAR	SISON OF ORDINANCE LANGUAGE REGARDING:	VARIAN	CES								
		Texas			Nationwide						
	Description	Austin		Brazoria County	Guilford County, NC	Seymour CT	, Westmin F ster, CO	Portland, OR		Charlotte , NC	Irvine, CA
1	Variances must show that the water quality will not be impacted by the variance and that the intent of the ordinance is met	<b>✓</b>									
2	Use standard variance procedure		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
3	Variances may be reviewed by a designated committee that reviews the variance and submits a recommendation to the determining entity					✓				<b>√</b>	
4	Have a path for minor variances that may be granted by one person and major variances that require the approval of a committee or department				<b>√</b>						
5	If full implementation is not feasible, then the applicant may participate in off-site facilities development by contributing \$2.00-\$4.00 per square foot of unmanaged impervious surface							✓			
6	Standards for granted variances are listed as unnecessary hardship, peculiar property conditions, or variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose, and intent of the ordinance.									✓	✓

# 8. Enforcement Actions

- 1. The City can suspend a permit, site plan, and certificate of occupancy, right-of-way use, or variances.
- 2. The owner is subject to fines of an amount ranging from \$300 to \$5,000 per violation per day.





# In Summary

- Lots of choices and decisions to make.
- Additional work may be involved:
  - City specific maintenance requirements?
  - City specific inspection forms?
- Discuss with City Staff team members
- Make choices that fit your City



